

CS3304 Logic – Assignment 2

October 21, 2016, Lecturer: Claas Röver

Hand in your solution at the beginning of the lecture on **Friday, 4 Nov 2016**.

QUESTION 1. Give deductions of the following, using the sequent rules. The rules are available for download on the course web page.

- (a) $\Rightarrow \neg(\neg A \wedge B) \rightarrow A \vee \neg B$
- (b) $\Rightarrow (A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (A \rightarrow C))$
- (c) $A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C), A \vee B \Rightarrow A \rightarrow C, B \rightarrow C$

QUESTION 2. (a) State the definition of a valuation $v: \mathcal{W} \rightarrow \{T, F\}$, where \mathcal{W} denotes the set of well formed formulæ.

- (b) Verify that a valuation assigns the same truth values to $A \vee B$ and $A \wedge B$ as the truth table definitions, when they are defined as follows, in terms of \rightarrow and \neg .

$A \wedge B$ if and only if $\neg(A \rightarrow \neg B)$

$A \vee B$ if and only if $\neg A \rightarrow B$

- (c) Prove that $\neg p \rightarrow (p \rightarrow (q \wedge \neg q))$ is a tautology by showing that its value is T under every valuation.

QUESTION 3. (a) State the three axioms, or rather axiom schema, of axiomatic propositional logic (APL for short).

- (b) State and prove the Deduction Theorem.
- (c) Use the Deduction Theorem (and the axioms) to prove

$$\vdash A \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow ((A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)) \rightarrow C)).$$

QUESTION 4. Prove the following propositions in APL, using only the axioms, transitivity of implication, the Deduction Theorem and the fact $\vdash \neg A \rightarrow (A \rightarrow B)$.

- (a) $\vdash A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow (\neg B \rightarrow A))$
- (b) $\{\neg A, A \rightarrow (\neg B \rightarrow C)\} \vdash A \rightarrow C$
- (c) $\vdash \neg(A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow (B \rightarrow A)$