

In-class test : Wednesday 10 March

Problems relate to problem sheet sections 1-6.

Recall A function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  between topological spaces is continuous if every open set  $U \subseteq Y$  has open pre-image  $f^{-1}(U) \subseteq X$ .

Example Consider

$$X = \{a, b, c\} \quad \tau_X = \{ \emptyset, \{b\}, \{c\}, \{a, b\}, \{b, c\}, \{a, b, c\} \}$$

$$Y = \{a, b, c, d\}, \quad \tau_Y = \{ \emptyset, \{a\}, \{a, b\}, \{a, b, c\}, \{a, b, c, d\} \}$$

Consider

$$f: X \rightarrow Y, \quad \begin{aligned} f(a) &= a \\ f(b) &= b \\ f(c) &= c \end{aligned}$$

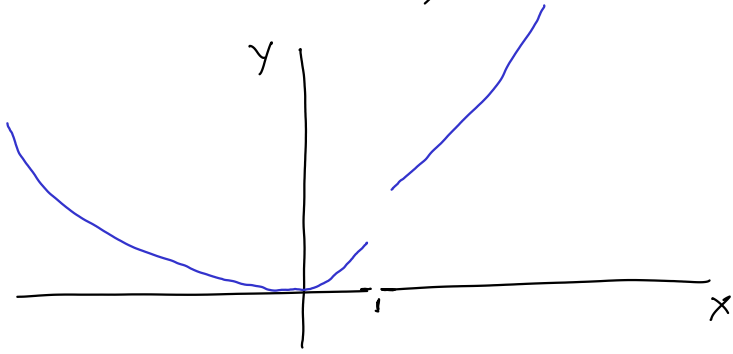
This function is not continuous because  $\{a\}$  is open in  $Y$  and  $f^{-1}\{a\} = \{a\}$  is not open in  $X$ .

Example  $X = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$ ,  $X$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}$

$$Y = \mathbb{R}$$

Define  $g: X \rightarrow Y$  by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x^2, & x \leq 1 \\ x^2 + 1, & x > 1 \end{cases}$$



This function  $g$  is continuous.

Major definition: A continuous function  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  between topological spaces is a homeomorphism if there exists a continuous function  $g: Y \rightarrow X$  such that

$$g(f(x)) = x \quad \text{for all } x \in X$$

and

$$f(g(y)) = y \quad \text{for all } y \in Y.$$

Defn Two topological spaces  $X$  and  $Y$  are homeomorphic if there is a homeomorphism  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ .

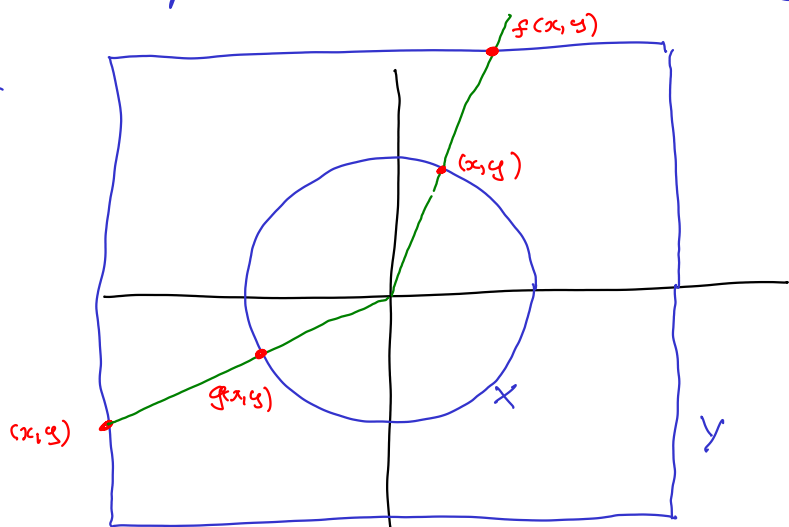
Defn A property is said to be topological if, whenever some space  $X$  has the property, then so too do all spaces  $Y$  which are homeomorphic to  $X$ .

Example The unit circle

$$X = S^1 = \{ (x,y) \in \mathbb{E}^2 : x^2 + y^2 = 1 \}$$

is homeomorphic to the square  $Y$  of side 4.

Proof



Consider  $f: S^1 \rightarrow Y$ ,  $(x,y) \mapsto f(x,y)$  where  $f(x,y)$  is the intersection with  $Y$  of the ray from the origin through  $(x,y)$ .

Consider  $g: Y \rightarrow S^1$ ,  $(x,y) \mapsto g(x,y)$  where  $g(x,y)$  is the intersection with  $S^1$  of the ray from the origin through  $(x,y)$ .

Note: Both  $g$  and  $f$  are continuous,  
and

$$g(f(x,y)) = (x,y)$$

and

$$f(g(x,y)) = (x,y).$$

Hence the square and circle are homeomorphic.

QED

Proposition If  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  and  $g: Y \rightarrow Z$  are continuous functions of topological spaces, then their composite

$$g \circ f: X \rightarrow Z, \quad x \mapsto g(f(x))$$

is continuous.

Proof Let  $U \subseteq Z$  be an open subset of  $Z$ .

Then  $g^{-1}(U)$  is open in  $Y$  since  $g$  is continuous. Then  $f^{-1}(g^{-1}(U))$  is open in  $X$  since  $f$  is continuous.

But

$$(g \circ f)^{-1}(U) = f^{-1}(g^{-1}(U)).$$

□